# Lakota Nation Invitational – Lakota Language Bowl Competition Structure for Grades 6–8

#### Overview

- Introductions
- 1 Song
- Verb speed round (5 -minute time limit)
- 3 possible Interactive activities (teams draw)

#### 1. Introductions (Scored as a Group)

#### **Initial Introductions**

Each student gives a self-introduction the first time their team competes.

#### \*Follow-Up Introductions (Next Time the Team Competes)

 Instead of repeating introductions the next time the team competes, the moderator will ask each student questions about their family or background.

#### **Examples of Moderator Questions:**

- *Niyáte táku ecíyapi he?* = What is your father's name?
- Nihúŋ táku ecíyapi he? = What is your mother's name?
- 01
- Iná yayé kin tuwá he? = Who do you have for a mother?
- Até yayé kiŋ tuwá he? = Who do you have for a father?
- Tuktél yathí he? = Where do you live?
- Tuktél iníčaga he? = Where did you grow up?

#### 2. Song (Scored as a Group)

Each team will perform one song.

#### 3. Vocabulary Verb Speed Round

- Time limit: 5 minutes.
- Teams will be given a verb in either English or Lakota/Dakota by the moderator.
- The first team to buzz in and answer correctly wins the point.
- If an incorrect answer is given, the opposing team will be given the chance to answer.

#### Scoring:

- The first team to score 10 points wins.
- Oi
- the team with the most points at the end of 5 minutes wins the round.

(See the "verbs to learn" list provided for each grade level.)

#### 4. Interactive Activities (Scored as a Group)

- The three possible activity names will be written on pieces of paper and placed in a hat or container, along with the two team names.
- The moderator will draw a team name and an activity.
- That team will perform the activity that was drawn.
- The opposing team will draw and perform one of the two remaining activities.

(There are many ways to say things in Lakota. Students and coaches are encouraged to improvise and add to the dialogue, and/or feel free to use the suggested examples provided.)

## Interactive Activity #1 – Giving Commands to Fill Cups with <u>Drinks</u>

(All props will be provided.)

#### Setup:

- 10 Styrofoam or paper cups will be marked with the numbers 1–10.
- Students will review the word for "cup" and drink names.

#### Vocabulary:

- Wíyatke = cup Asáŋpi = milk Mní = water
- Wakályapi = coffee Ceyáka = Lakota mint tea Taspán hanpí = apple juice
- Kapópapi / Mnikápopapi = soda

#### Verbs to Study:

- Okáštaŋ = he/she pours into
- Owákaštan = I pour into
- Oyákaštaŋ = you pour into

#### Ordinal Numbers (1st-10th):

#### Cups will then be referred to as:

Waŋží → Tokáheya = 1<sup>st</sup> cup #1 = Wiyatke tokáheya
 Núŋpa → Ičínuŋpa = 2<sup>nd</sup> Cup #2 = Wiyatke ičínuŋpa
 Yámni → Icíyamni = 3<sup>rd</sup> Cup #3 = Wiyatke icíyamni

Yamni → Iciyamni = 3.5 Cup #3 = Wiyatke iciyamni
 Tópa → Ičítopa = 4<sup>th</sup> Cup #4 = Wiyatke icitopa

• Záptaŋ → Ičízaptaŋ = 5<sup>th</sup> Cup #5 = Wiyatke icízaptaŋ

Šákpe → Ičíšakpe = 6<sup>th</sup> Cup #6 = Wíyatke icíšakpe
 Šakávija > Jžíšakovija = 7<sup>th</sup>

Šakówin → Ičíšakowin = 7<sup>th</sup> Cup #7 = Wíyatke icíšakowin
 Šaglóğan → Ičíšaglóğan = 8<sup>th</sup> Cup #8 = Wíyatke icíšagloğan

Šaglóğaŋ → Ičíšaglóğaŋ = 8<sup>th</sup> Cup #8 = Wíyatke icíšagloğaŋ
 Napčívunka → Ičínapčívunka - 9<sup>th</sup> Cup #9 - Wíyatke ičínapčívunka

Napčíyuŋka → Ičínapčíyuŋka = 9<sup>th</sup> Cup #9 = Wíyatke ičínapčíyuŋka
 Wikčémna → Ičíwikčémna = 10<sup>th</sup> Cup #10 = Wíyatke ičíwikčémna

#### **How the Activity Works:**

• Moderator will select one student who will perform the command.

#### **Example:**

- *Moderator:* "(Joe), mní kiŋ icú na wíyatke ičínuŋpa kiŋ mní okáštaŋ yo/ye." = Joe, get the water and pour some into the 2nd cup.
- Student walks to the table and gets the water. Walks over to the cups and pours water into the 2nd cup.

#### **Moderator Follow-Up:**

Example: if a student named joe performed the activity.

- **Moderator**: joe, "Wiyatke ičinuŋpa kiŋ mni oyákaštaŋ he/hwo?" = Did you pour water into the 2nd cup?
- **Student**: "Háŋ, wíyatke ičínuŋpa kiŋ mní owákaštaŋ." = Yes, I poured water into the 2nd cup.

Moderator may try to trick the student so they must pay attention.

#### Example: if joe filled the 3<sup>rd</sup> cup with water

- **Moderator**: joe, "Wiyatke ičinuŋpa kiŋ mni oyákaštaŋ he/hwo?" = joe, did you fill the 2<sup>nd</sup> cup with water?
- **Student (joe):** "Hiya, wiyatke ičínuŋpa kiŋ mní owákaštaŋ šní. Wiyatke iciyamni kiŋ mní owákaštaŋ." = No, I did not pour water into the 2nd cup. I poured water into the 3rd cup.

#### **Follow-Up with Another Student:**

Example: joe has a teammate named Mary.

- Moderator: "Mary, (Joe), táku wíyatke ičínuŋpa kiŋ okáštaŋ he/hwo?" = Mary, what did
  joe pour into the 2<sup>nd</sup> cup?
- Mary: (Joe) wiyatke ičínunpa kin mní okáštan." = Joe poured water into the 2nd cup.
- Or moderator might ask this way
- **Moderator**: joe táku tókňun he? = what did joe do?
- Mary: "(Joe) wiyatke ičínunpa kin mní okáštan. = joe filled up the 2<sup>nd</sup> cup with water

## Interactive Activity #2 – where did you go?/who did you see?

#### Pieces of paper to be placed in box

#### Locations

Gas station: = wígli oínažin laundromat: = owáyužaža

Store: = Mas'ópiye restaurant: = owóte-thípi

All the names of the students on a team will be written on separate piece of papers.

One name will be selected and placed into the box/hat along with a location name.

#### Verbs to Study:

• Waŋyáŋka = he/she sees/saw í = he/she went

Waŋbláke = I see/saw waí = I went
 Waŋláka = you see/saw yaí = you went

Wanniyanka = S/he saw you

• Wanmáyanke = s/he saw me

#### **How the Activity Works:**

- The moderator will prepare 2 slips of paper, 1 containing a location, and 1 name of a student from the team that is competing and place them into a box
- Moderator will select a student (<u>whose name is not in the box</u>) to approach and look in the box and identify the name, location.
- The student then returns to their seat.
- The judges will be shown the box and the contents.
- The moderator will then ask the student questions.

**For example:** this location and the name of a student on the team performing are placed into the box/hat.





- For example: this location and name are placed into the box/hat.
- moderator places the name of a student named (frank) and one of the locations owótethípi (restaurant) in the box
- Moderator calls up a (franks teammate) a student named (William) to look in the box.
   William sees the name: Frank and the location: Restaurant and returns to their seat.
- The location name is where the student went, and the name of a student is who they saw at that location.
- Moderator will ask:
- Moderator: William, tókhiya yaí he? = William, where did you go?
- Student (William): owóte-thípi kin ektá waí. = I went to the restaurant.
- Moderator: tuwá wanláka he? = who did you see?
- Student (William): Frank wanbláke." = I saw a frank.

#### **Follow-Up with Another Student:**

Example: moderator calls upon William's teammate Janet.

#### Moderator:

- Moderator: Janet, (William) tókhiya í he? = Janet, where did William go?
- Janet: William, owóte-thípi kiŋ ektá í. = William, went to the restaurant.
- Moderator: (Janet) (William) tuwá wanyánka he/hwo?" = who did William see?
- Janet: (William) Frank waŋyáŋke." = William saw a frank.

Moderator may also ask the students whose name was in the box/hat.

#### **Moderator:**

- *Moderator:* frank, (William) Wanniyanka he? = Frank, did William see you?
- Student Frank: háŋ, William, waŋmáyaŋke. = yes, William saw me.
- Or
- Moderator: Frank (William) wanláka he? = frank did you see William?
- Student: hán, William wanbláke. = yes, I saw William.

#### Moderator may switch up the questioning

#### **Example: to test students' memory**

- *Moderator:* Janet, (William) Mas'ópiye kin ektá í he? = Janet, did William go to the store?
- **Janet:** Hiyá, (William) Mas'ópiye kin ektá í šní. Owóte-thipi kiŋ ektá í. = no, William did not go to the store, he went to the restaurant.
- Moderator: (Janet), (William) Mary wanyánka he/hwo?" = Janet, did William see Mary?
- Janet: Hiyá, (William) Mary waŋyáŋke šní." Frank waŋyáŋke. = no, William did not see Mary. He saw frank.

### **Interactive Activity #3 – Puppet Dialogue**

- Three students are selected.
- Each chooses one puppet (baby, boy, girl, man, woman, grandma, grandpa).
- Students act out a short dialogue.
- **Time limit:** 5 minutes.
- Dialogue can be about anything students are free to create and perform their own conversation.